

**Math Relays 2023**  
**Analytic Geometry**

Select the most appropriate letter and shade in the corresponding region on the answer sheet. Choice "none" represents "none of these".

1. What is the point  $Q$  if, for  $P = (-3, 6)$ , the midpoint of  $PQ$  happens to be  $(2, 2)$ ?  
(a)  $(4, 4)$  (b)  $(7, -2)$  (c)  $(3, 4)$  (d)  $(4, 3)$  (e) none
2. What is  $Q$  if the distance between  $(1 + 3/5, 2 + 4/5)$  and  $Q$  is 1?  
(a)  $(1, 2)$  (b)  $(2, -2)$  (c)  $(2, -1)$  (d)  $(1, 1)$  (e) none
3. In a triangle whose radius of circumcircle is 7, the angle opposite the side of length 7 is?  
(a)  $45^\circ$  (b)  $60^\circ$  (c) not enough info (d)  $30^\circ$  (e) none
4. The point  $(\pi, 3)$  is on the ellipse  
(a)  $\frac{x}{\pi} = y$  (b)  $\frac{x}{\pi} = 3$  (c)  $\frac{x^2}{\pi^2} = 3$  (d)  $\frac{x^2}{\pi^2} = 1 - \frac{y^2}{3}$  (e) none
5. The equation  $x^2 - y^2 = 25$  describes  
(a) a hyperbola (b) a parabola (c) two lines (d) an ellipse (e) none
6. The area of a triangle with sides 3, 8, 7 and radius of a circle inscribed in the triangle = 3, is  
(a) 18 (b) 27 (c)  $27/2$  (d) 36 (e) none
7. For  $A > 0$ ,  $B > 0$ , and  $E < 0$ , the equation  $Ax^2 + By^2 + Cx + Dy + E = 0$  describes  
(a) an ellipse (b) a hyperbola (c) a parabola (d) all of these (e) none
8. The slope of the line is undefined if  
(a)  $y = \infty$  (b)  $y = x$  (c)  $x = \infty$  (d)  $x = 0$  (e) none
9. An equation of the line that makes a  $45^\circ$  angle with the line  $x = 0$  and passes through  $(-2, -1)$  is  
(a)  $y = -\frac{x}{2} - 2$  (b)  $y = x + 1$  (c)  $y = 3x + 5$  (d)  $y = 2x + 3$  (e) none
10. The slope of the line that intersects the line  $7x + 21y = 35$  at  $(2, 1)$  and passes through  $(5, 0)$  is  
(a)  $-3$  (b)  $-\frac{1}{3}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (d) 2 (e) none

11. The parabola  $x^2 - 2xy - x + y^2 = 0$  opens  
(a) upward (b) downward (c) in the direction of  $y = x$  (d) in the direction of  $y = -x$  (e) none
12. The equation  $(x + y + z)^2 - (x - y - z)^2 = 0$  describes  
(a) two planes (b) a sphere (c) a cone (d) a hyperboloid (e) none
13. The acute angle between the asymptotes of the hyperbola  $3x^2 - y^2 = 1$  is  
(a)  $60^\circ$  (b)  $30^\circ$  (c)  $45^\circ$  (d)  $75^\circ$  (e) none
14.  $(x - 2y)^2 + (x + 2y)^2 = 1$  is an equation of  
(a) a circle (b) a parabola (c) a hyperbola (d) an ellipse that isn't a circle (e) none
15. A circle tangent to  $x^2 + y^2 - 2y = 0$  is  
(a)  $x^2 + y^2 + 4y = 4$  (b)  $x^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 4$  (c)  $(x - 2)^2 + y^2 = 4$  (d)  $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 4$  (e) none
16. The center of the ellipse  $(3y + 6)^2 + (4x - 8)^2 = 0$  is  
(a)  $(2, -3)$  (b)  $(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3})$  (c)  $(-3, 2)$  (d)  $(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{2})$  (e) none
17. The equation  $3x + y - 7 = 0$  in  $(x, y, z)$  describes  
(a) a line (b) a cylinder (c) the empty set (d) a plane (e) none
18. The  $x$ -intercept of the line  $L: x = 1 - 6t, y = -1 + 3t$ , where  $t$  is a real number, is  
(a)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (b) 0 (c) -1 (d) 1 (e) none